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석사학위 청구논문

Non-Level Artinian O-sequences  
of codimension 3 and type 4

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# Non-Level Artinian O-sequences of codimension 3 and type 4

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# 인 준 서

장 현 아의 석사학위 논문으로 인준함.

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## 논문개요

Fröberg and Laksov 의 정리에 근거하여 여차원이 3, 형태가 4, 길이가 7인 level이 될 가능성이 있는 291개의 Artinian O-수열에 대하여 level 여부를 연구하였다.

더불어, 참고논문 7번에서 D.S.Shin의 알고리즘 4와 유사한 알고리즘과 “link-sum” 구성을 사용하여 참고논문 1번에서 E.Y.Cho와 16번에서 I.S.Yoo에 의해 주어진 위의 291개의 경우 중 몇 가지를 구성하는 방법에 대해 소개한다.

하지만 여전히 level 여부를 알 수 없는 O-수열 30개가 남았다.

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Abstract

# ABSTRACT

## Non-Level Artinian $\mathcal{O}$ -sequences of codimension 3 and type 4

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In this thesis, we try to verify that 291 codimension 3 Artinian  $\mathcal{O}$ -sequences of type 4 and length 7 are level or not.

Moreover, using the similar algorithm to Algorithm 4 in [7] and "link-sum" construction, we introduce

how to construct some of the above 291 cases given by [1] and [16].

Unfortunately, there are still 30 unknown cases which we should know.

## 1. Introduction

Let  $R = k[x_1, \dots, x_n] = \bigoplus_{i \geq 0} R_i$ ,  $k$  an algebraically closed field of characteristic 0, and let  $I$  be a homogeneous ideal of  $R$ ,  $A = R/I$ . The **Hilbert function** of  $A$ ,  $\mathbf{H}_A : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ , (or sometimes  $\mathbf{H}(A, -)$ ) defined by

$$\mathbf{H}_A(t) = \dim_k R_t - \dim_k I_t.$$

In case  $I$  is the ideal of a subscheme,  $\mathbb{X}$  of  $\mathbb{P}^n$ , the Hilbert function of  $A = R/I$  is sometimes denoted  $\mathbf{H}(-)$ .

We consider standard Artinian algebras  $A = R/I$ , where  $I$  is a homogeneous ideal of  $R$ . The ***h-vector*** of  $A$  is  $h(A) = (h_0, h_1, \dots, h_\ell)$  where  $h_i = \dim_k A_i = \dim_k R_i - \dim_k I_i$  and  $\ell$  is the last index such that  $\dim_k A_k \neq 0$ . We call  $\ell$  the ***socle degree***  $A$ . Moreover, we shall assume that  $I$  does not contain any non-zero forms of degree 1 and  $n$  is defined as the ***codimension*** of  $A$ .

Now we recall a special case of a theorem of Fröberg and Laksov of [9] that if  $A$  is a level Artinian algebra of codimension 3 and type  $m$  with  $\sigma - 1 = t$ , then

$$\mathbf{H}(A, i) \leq \min \left\{ \binom{2+i}{2}, m \binom{t-i+2}{2} \right\}.$$

Hence, we have all possible 291 codimension 3 level Artinian O-sequences of type 4 and length 7 using Algorithm in [8]. Thanks to Georgio Dalzoto for the algorithm.

In this thesis, we try to verify whose O-sequences are level or not. In particular, we prove that some Artinian algebra  $A = R/I$  cannot be level when either  $\beta_{1,d+2}(I^{\text{lex}}) = \beta_{2,d+2}(I^{\text{lex}}) + 1$  or  $\beta_{1,d+2}(I^{\text{lex}}) = \beta_{2,d+2}(I^{\text{lex}})$  (see Propositions 3.3 and 3.6). Moreover, using the similar algorithm to Algorithm 4 in [7] and “link-sum” construction, we introduce how to construct some of the above 291 cases given by [1] and [16] (see Appendix A). Unfortunately, there are still 30 unknown cases which we should know (see Appendix B).

## 2. Non-Level Artinian O-sequences of codimension 3 and type 4

First of all, we introduce some definitions and preliminary results here.

**Definition 2.1.** (a) Let  $h, i > 0$ .

Then  $h = \binom{m_i}{i} + \binom{m_i - 1}{i - 1} + \cdots + \binom{m_j}{j}$  with  $m_i > m_i - 1 > \cdots > m_j \geq 1$

is called  ***$i$ -th binomial expansion***.

(b) The sequence  $\{h_i\}_{i \geq 0}$  ( $h_i \geq 0$ ) is called an ***O-Sequence*** if

$$h_{i+1} \leq h_i^{\langle i \rangle}, \quad h_0 = 1, \quad i \geq 1.$$

**Definition 2.2.** Let  $A = \bigoplus_{i \geq 0} A_i$  be graded ring. Then  $A = k[A_1]$  is called ***G-algebra*** if  $A_1$  is a finitely generated vector space over  $k$ .

**Theorem 2.3** (Macaulay). (a)  $\{h_i\}_{i \geq 0}$  is an *O-Sequence*.

(b)  $\{h_i\}_{i \geq 0}$  is the *Hilbert function* for some standard *G-algebra*.

**Definition-Proposition 2.4** (Definition-Proposition 2.21, [5]). Let  $R = k[x_0, \dots, x_n]$  and let  $A = R/I$  be a Cohen-Macaulay ring of dimension  $d$ . Let

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{F}_{n-(d-1)} \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow \mathcal{F}_1 \rightarrow I \rightarrow 0$$

be a minimal free resolution of  $I$ . Then

- (a) If  $B = B_0 \oplus \cdots \oplus B_\ell$  ( $B_\ell \neq 0$ ) is an Artinian algebra, then  $B$  is **level** if and only if  $B_\ell = \text{Ann}(B_1)$ .
- (b)  $A$  is a **level algebra** if  $\mathcal{F}_{n-(d-1)} = R^m(-s)$ , for some  $s > 0$ .  
 $\text{rank } \mathcal{F}_{n-(d-1)}$   
 $=$  Cohen-Macaulay type of  $A$ .
- (c) i) If  $\mathbb{X}$  is a non-degenerate set of points in  $\mathbb{P}^n$ ,  $A = R/I$  its coordinate ring, then we say that  $\ell$  is the **socle degree** of  $\mathbb{X}$  if  $\ell$  is the socle degree of the Artinian algebra  $B = A/\overline{L}A$ , where  $\overline{L}$  is any linear non-zero-divisor of  $A$ .  
ii)  $\mathbb{X}$  is called a **level set** of points if  $A = R/I$  is a level algebra. In this case, the socle degree of  $\mathbb{X}$  is  $\ell = \sigma(\mathbb{X}) + n - 1$ .
- (d) If  $\overline{L}$  is a linear non-zero divisor in  $A = R/I$ , then  $A$  is level if and only if  $A/\overline{L}A \simeq A/(L, I)$  is level.
- (e) A 0-dimensional differentiable O-sequence (equivalently, an O-sequence whose first difference is the Hilbert function of an

Artinian algebra)  $b = \{b_i\}_{i \geq 0}$  with  $b_1 = n + 1$  is called **level** if there is a level set of points in with Hilbert function  $b$ .

**Definition 2.5.** (a) A total order on the monomials of each degree is said to be a **term order** if

- i)  $x_1 > \cdots > x_n$ , and
- ii)  $m_1 \geq m_2$  implies  $mm_1 \geq mm_2$ , for any monomials  $m, m_1$  and  $m_2$ .

(b) The **reverse lexicographic order** is a term order defined to be  $x_1^{i_1} \cdots x_n^{i_n} > x_1^{j_1} \cdots x_n^{j_n}$  if and only if

- i)  $\sum i_t > \sum j_t$  or
- ii)  $\sum i_t = \sum j_t$  and

there is  $s$  such that  $i_t = j_t$  for  $s < t \leq n$  and  $i_s < j_s$ .

(c) The **lexicographic order** is a term order defined to be  $x_1^{i_1} \cdots x_n^{i_n} > x_1^{j_1} \cdots x_n^{j_n}$  if and only if

- i)  $\sum i_t > \sum j_t$  or
- ii)  $\sum i_t = \sum j_t$  and

there is  $s$  such that  $i_t = j_t$  for  $t < s \leq n$  and  $i_s > j_s$ .

(d) Let  $S$  be a subset of all monomials in  $R_d$ .  $S$  is a **lex-segment** if a monomial  $m$  of degree  $d$  is in  $S$ , then every monomial  $m'$  of degree  $d$  in  $R_d$  such that  $m' > m$  is in  $S$ .

(e) Let  $I = \bigoplus_{t \geq 0} I_t$  be a graded ideal of  $R$ . We say that  $I$  is a **lex-segment ideal** if for every  $t \geq 0$ ,  $I_t$  is generated (as a vector space) by a lex-segment.

**Theorem 2.6** (The Cancellation Principle, [10], [12]). *For any homogeneous ideal  $I$  and any  $i$  and  $d$ , there a complex of  $k \cong R/m$ -modules  $V_{\bullet}^d$  such that*

$$\begin{aligned} V_i^d &\cong \operatorname{Tor}_i^R(\operatorname{in}(I), k)_d \\ H_i(V_{\bullet}^d) &\cong \operatorname{Tor}_i^R(I, k)_d. \end{aligned}$$

**Remark 2.7.** One way to paraphrase this theorem is to say that the minimal free resolution of  $I$  is obtained from that  $\operatorname{in}(I)$ , the *initial ideal* of  $I$ , by canceling some adjacent terms of the same degree.

**Example 2.8.** Let  $I$  be a lex-segment ideal of  $R = k[x, y, z]$  with the Hilbert function 1 3 5 6 4 4 4. Then the minimal free resolution of  $R/I$  is

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^2(-6) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R(-4) \oplus R^5(-5) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R(-2) \oplus R(-3) \oplus R^3(-4) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

Hence the two copies  $R(-6)$  of the last free module cannot be cancelled, and thus the above O-sequence cannot be level.

Using the same idea as above, we can show that the following 82 cases in Table 1 are not level.

17)	1 3 5 4 4 4 4	21)	1 3 5 5 4 4 4	29)	1 3 5 6 4 4 4
31)	1 3 5 6 5 5 4	42)	1 3 5 7 4 4 4	44)	1 3 5 7 5 5 4
56)	1 3 5 7 8 5 4	62)	1 3 5 7 9 5 4	69)	1 3 6 4 4 4 4
73)	1 3 6 5 4 4 4	81)	1 3 6 6 4 4 4	83)	1 3 6 6 5 5 4
90)	1 3 6 6 7 5 4	92)	1 3 6 6 7 7 4	93)	1 3 6 6 7 8 4
94)	1 3 6 7 4 4 4	96)	1 3 6 7 5 5 4	108)	1 3 6 7 8 5 4
121)	1 3 6 8 4 4 4	123)	1 3 6 8 5 5 4	127)	1 3 6 8 6 6 4
135)	1 3 6 8 8 5 4	139)	1 3 6 8 8 9 4	141)	1 3 6 8 9 5 4
149)	1 3 6 8 10 5 4	157)	1 3 6 9 4 4 4	159)	1 3 6 9 5 5 4
162)	1 3 6 9 6 5 4	163)	1 3 6 9 6 6 4	168)	1 3 6 9 7 7 4
171)	1 3 6 9 8 5 4	175)	1 3 6 9 8 9 4	177)	1 3 6 9 9 5 4
182)	1 3 6 9 9 10 4	185)	1 3 6 9 10 5 4	194)	1 3 6 9 11 5 4
195)	1 3 6 9 11 6 4	203)	1 3 6 9 12 5 4	204)	1 3 6 9 12 6 4
211)	1 3 6 10 4 4 4	213)	1 3 6 10 5 5 4	216)	1 3 6 10 6 5 4
217)	1 3 6 10 6 6 4	222)	1 3 6 10 7 7 4	225)	1 3 6 10 8 5 4
228)	1 3 6 10 8 8 4	229)	1 3 6 10 8 9 4	231)	1 3 6 10 9 5 4
236)	1 3 6 10 9 10 4	239)	1 3 6 10 10 5 4	248)	1 3 6 10 11 5 4
249)	1 3 6 10 11 6 4	257)	1 3 6 10 12 5 4	258)	1 3 6 10 12 6 4
266)	1 3 6 10 13 5 4	267)	1 3 6 10 13 6 4	275)	1 3 6 10 14 5 4
276)	1 3 6 10 14 6 4	277)	1 3 6 10 14 7 4	284)	1 3 6 10 15 5 4
285)	1 3 6 10 15 6 4	286)	1 3 6 10 15 7 4		

TABLE 1. Non-cancelable 82-cases.

**Theorem 2.9** (Theorem 4.1, [2]). *Let  $R = k[x_1, x_2, x_3]$  and let  $\mathbf{H} = (h_0, h_1, \dots, h_s)$  be the  $h$ -vector of a graded Artinian algebra  $A = R/I$  with socle degree  $s$ . If*

$$h_{d-1} > h_d \quad \text{and} \quad h_d = h_{d+1} \leq 2d + 3$$

then  $\mathbf{H}$  is **not** level.

Using Theorem 2.9, the following 82 cases in Table 2 cannot be level.

2)	1 3 3 4 5 4 4	3)	1 3 4 5 5 4 4	6)	1 3 4 4 5 4 4
10)	1 3 4 5 5 4 4	13)	1 3 4 5 6 4 4	18)	1 3 5 4 5 4 4
21)	1 3 5 5 4 4 4	22)	1 3 5 5 5 4 4	25)	1 3 5 5 6 4 4
27)	1 3 5 5 6 6 4	29)	1 3 5 6 4 4 4	30)	1 3 5 6 5 4 4
31)	1 3 5 6 5 5 4	33)	1 3 5 6 6 4 4	37)	1 3 5 6 7 4 4
42)	1 3 5 7 4 4 4	43)	1 3 5 7 5 4 4	44)	1 3 5 7 5 5 4
46)	1 3 5 7 6 4 4	48)	1 3 5 7 6 6 4	50)	1 3 5 7 7 4 4
55)	1 3 5 7 8 4 4	61)	1 3 5 7 9 4 4	69)	1 3 6 4 4 4 4
70)	1 3 6 4 5 4 4	73)	1 3 6 5 4 4 4	74)	1 3 5 7 7 4 4
75)	1 3 6 5 5 5 4	76)	1 3 6 5 5 6 4	77)	1 3 6 5 6 4 4
81)	1 3 6 6 4 4 4	82)	1 3 6 6 5 4 4	83)	1 3 6 6 5 5 4
89)	1 3 6 6 7 4 4	94)	1 3 6 7 4 4 4	95)	1 3 6 7 5 4 4
96)	1 3 6 7 5 5 4	98)	1 3 6 7 6 4 4	100)	1 3 6 7 6 6 4
102)	1 3 6 7 7 4 4	107)	1 3 6 7 8 4 4	113)	1 3 6 7 9 4 4
121)	1 3 6 8 4 4 4	122)	1 3 6 8 5 4 4	123)	1 3 6 8 5 5 4
125)	1 3 6 8 6 4 4	127)	1 3 6 8 6 6 4	129)	1 3 6 8 7 4 4
132)	1 3 6 8 7 7 4	134)	1 3 6 8 8 4 4	140)	1 3 6 8 9 4 4
148)	1 3 6 8 10 4 4	157)	1 3 6 9 4 4 4	158)	1 3 6 9 5 4 4
159)	1 3 6 9 5 5 4	161)	1 3 6 9 6 4 4	163)	1 3 6 9 6 6 4
165)	1 3 6 9 7 4 4	168)	1 3 6 9 7 7 4	170)	1 3 6 9 8 4 4
174)	1 3 6 9 8 8 4	176)	1 3 6 9 9 4 4	184)	1 3 6 9 10 4 4
193)	1 3 6 9 11 4 4	202)	1 3 6 9 12 7 4	211)	1 3 6 10 4 4 4
212)	1 3 6 10 5 4 4	213)	1 3 6 10 5 5 4	215)	1 3 6 10 6 4 4
217)	1 3 6 10 6 6 4	219)	1 3 6 10 7 4 4	222)	1 3 6 10 7 7 4
224)	1 3 6 10 8 4 4	228)	1 3 6 10 8 8 4	230)	1 3 6 10 9 4 4
235)	1 3 6 10 9 9 4	238)	1 3 6 10 10 4 4	247)	1 3 6 10 11 4 4
256)	1 3 6 10 12 4 4	265)	1 3 6 10 13 4 4	274)	1 3 6 10 14 4 4
283)	1 3 6 10 15 4 4				

TABLE 2

**Remark 2.10.** Let  $\mathbf{H}$  and  $R$  be as in Theorem 2.9. Note that any Artinian algebra  $A = R/I$  with Hilbert function  $\mathbf{H}$  has a socle element in degree  $d - 1$  or  $d$ .

**Theorem 2.11** (Theorem 2.17, [3]). *Let  $h_{d-2}, h_{d-1}, h_d$  be three non-zero integers such that*

$$h_d = h_{d-1}^{\langle d-1 \rangle} \quad \text{and} \quad h_{d-1} = h_{d-2}^{\langle d-2 \rangle}.$$

*Let  $I$  be any ideal in  $R = k[x_1, \dots, x_n]$  such that the Hilbert function of  $R/I$  satisfies*

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{H}(R/I, d-2) &= h_{d-2} + \varepsilon, \quad \varepsilon \geq 0 \\ \mathbf{H}(R/I, d-1) &= h_{d-1}, \\ \mathbf{H}(R/I, d) &= h_d. \end{aligned}$$

*Then, the ring  $R/I$  has socle of dimension  $\varepsilon$  in degree  $d - 2$ . Consequently, if  $I$  has minimal free resolution, then*

$$\beta_{n-1, d+n-2} = \varepsilon.$$

**Theorem 2.12** (Theorem 8, [8]). *If  $\mathbf{H} : h_0 \ h_1 \ \cdots \ h_t \ 0 \rightarrow$  is a level Artinian O-sequence where  $t \geq 2$ , then  $\mathbf{G} : h_0 \ h_1 \ \cdots \ h_{t-1} \ 0 \rightarrow$  is also a level Artinian O-sequence.*

Using Theorem 2.11, one can show that the following 100  $h$ -vectors in Table 3 are not level O-sequences.

1)	1 3 3 4 4 4 4	2)	1 3 3 4 5 4 4	3)	1 3 3 4 5 5 4
4)	1 3 3 4 5 6 4	6)	1 3 4 4 5 4 4	7)	1 3 4 4 5 5 4
8)	1 3 4 4 5 6 4	10)	1 3 4 5 5 4 4	12)	1 3 4 5 5 6 4
13)	1 3 4 5 6 4 4	18)	1 3 5 4 5 4 4	19)	1 3 5 4 5 5 4
20)	1 3 5 4 5 6 4	22)	1 3 5 5 5 4 4	24)	1 3 5 5 5 6 4
25)	1 3 5 5 6 4 4	26)	1 3 5 5 6 5 4	27)	1 3 5 5 6 6 4
28)	1 3 5 5 6 7 4	30)	1 3 5 6 5 4 4	32)	1 3 5 6 5 6 4
33)	1 3 5 6 6 4 4	36)	1 3 5 6 6 7 4	37)	1 3 5 6 7 4 4
43)	1 3 5 7 5 4 4	45)	1 3 5 7 5 6 4	46)	1 3 5 7 6 4 4
49)	1 3 5 7 6 7 4	50)	1 3 5 7 7 4 4	54)	1 3 5 7 7 8 4
55)	1 3 5 7 8 4 4	61)	1 3 5 7 9 4 4	70)	1 3 6 4 5 4 4
71)	1 3 6 4 5 5 4	72)	1 3 6 4 5 6 4	74)	1 3 6 5 5 4 4
76)	1 3 6 5 5 6 4	77)	1 3 6 5 6 4 4	78)	1 3 6 5 6 5 4
79)	1 3 6 5 6 6 4	80)	1 3 6 5 6 7 4	82)	1 3 6 6 5 4 4
84)	1 3 6 6 5 6 4	85)	1 3 6 6 6 4 4	88)	1 3 6 6 6 7 4
89)	1 3 6 6 7 4 4	95)	1 3 6 7 5 4 4	97)	1 3 6 7 5 6 4
98)	1 3 6 7 6 4 4	101)	1 3 6 7 6 7 4	102)	1 3 6 7 7 4 4
106)	1 3 6 7 7 8 4	107)	1 3 6 7 8 4 4	113)	1 3 6 7 9 4 4
114)	1 3 6 7 9 5 4	115)	1 3 6 7 9 6 4	116)	1 3 6 7 9 7 4
117)	1 3 6 7 9 8 4	118)	1 3 6 7 9 9 4	119)	1 3 6 7 9 10 4
120)	1 3 6 7 9 11 4	122)	1 3 6 8 5 4 4	124)	1 3 6 8 5 6 4
125)	1 3 6 8 6 4 4	128)	1 3 6 8 6 7 4	129)	1 3 6 8 7 4 4
133)	1 3 6 8 7 8 4	134)	1 3 6 8 8 4 4	140)	1 3 6 8 9 4 4
147)	1 3 6 8 9 11 4	148)	1 3 6 8 10 4 4	158)	1 3 6 9 5 4 4
160)	1 3 6 9 5 6 4	161)	1 3 6 9 6 4 4	164)	1 3 6 9 6 7 4
165)	1 3 6 9 7 4 4	169)	1 3 6 9 7 8 4	170)	1 3 6 9 8 4 4
176)	1 3 6 9 9 4 4	183)	1 3 6 9 9 11 4	184)	1 3 6 9 10 4 4
192)	1 3 6 9 10 12 4	193)	1 3 6 9 11 4 4	202)	1 3 6 9 12 4 4
212)	1 3 6 10 5 4 4	214)	1 3 6 10 5 6 4	215)	1 3 6 10 6 4 4
218)	1 3 6 10 6 7 4	219)	1 3 6 10 7 4 4	223)	1 3 6 10 7 8 4
224)	1 3 6 10 8 4 4	230)	1 3 6 10 9 4 4	237)	1 3 6 10 9 11 4
238)	1 3 6 10 10 4 4	246)	1 3 6 10 10 12 4	247)	1 3 6 10 11 4 4
256)	1 3 6 10 12 4 4	265)	1 3 6 10 13 4 4	274)	1 3 6 10 14 4 4
283)	1 3 6 10 15 4 4				

TABLE 3

**Remark 2.13** ([15]). Unfortunately, the linked sum construction cannot always be used to construct level Artinian algebras of type  $> 1$  in codimension 3 from level sets of points in  $\mathbb{P}^2$  (in sharp contrast to the case of Gorenstein algebras of codimension 3, see (Theorem 3.3, [6])).

An easy way to see this is to consider potential  $h$ -vectors describing Artinian algebras of socle degree 5 and type 4 (level). Let  $h = (1, 3, -, -, \alpha, 4)$ . By Inverse Systems we know that  $\alpha \leq 12$  and, e.g. that there is a compressed level algebra with  $h$ -vector  $(1, 3, 6, 10, 12, 4)$ . However, that  $h$ -vector and indeed any  $h$ -vector of the form  $(1, 3, -, -, \geq 11, 4)$  cannot be obtained from the linked-sum construction.

To see why, suppose we had a level set of points  $\mathbb{Z} \subset \mathbb{P}^2$  and a partition  $\mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{X} \cup \mathbb{Y}$  which gave the  $h$ -vector above by the linked-sum construction. Then, if we let  $A = R/(I_{\mathbb{X}} + I_{\mathbb{Y}})$ , we would have a display

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H}(\mathbb{Z}, -) : 1 \quad - \quad - \quad - \quad b \quad c \\ \mathbf{H}(\mathbb{X}, -) : 1 \quad - \quad - \quad - \quad \alpha_1 \quad \alpha_2 \\ \mathbf{H}(\mathbb{Y}, -) : 1 \quad - \quad - \quad - \quad \beta_1 \quad \beta_2 \\ \mathbf{H}(A, -) : 1 \quad - \quad - \quad - \quad s \quad 4 \end{array}$$

where  $11 \leq s \leq 12$ .

The construction method says that  $b+s = \alpha_1 + \beta_1$  and  $c+4 = \alpha_2 + \beta_2$ .

Subtracting, we have

$$(c - b) + (4 - s) = (\alpha_2 - \alpha_1) + (\beta_2 - \beta_1).$$

But, since  $\mathbb{X}$  and  $\mathbb{Y}$  are point sets in  $\mathbb{P}^2$  we have  $(\alpha_2 - \alpha_1) \geq 0$  and  $(\beta_2 - \beta_1) \geq 0$ . Since  $4 - s \leq -7$  we must have  $c - b \geq 7$ . But, since

$\mathbb{Z}$  has a differentiable Hilbert function, the maximum value for  $c - b$  is  $7 = \dim_k(k[x, y]_6)$ .

The following lists are all those cases.

156)	1 3 6 8 10 12 4	192)	1 3 6 9 10 12 4	201)	1 3 6 9 11 12 4
210)	1 3 6 9 12 12 4	246)	1 3 6 10 10 12 4	255)	1 3 6 10 11 12 4
264)	1 3 6 10 12 12 4	273)	1 3 6 10 13 12 4	282)	1 3 6 10 14 12 4
291)	1 3 6 10 15 12 4				

TABLE 4

**Proposition 2.14** (Theorem 4.8A, [3]). *Let  $h = (1, h_1, \dots, h_s)$  be the  $h$ -vector of a level algebra  $A = R/I$  where  $R = k[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ . Let  $t < \binom{s+n-1}{s}$  and define the sequence*

$$(h + \mathbf{H}(s, t, n))_i := \min \left\{ h_i + \mathbf{H}(s, t, n)_i, \binom{i+n-1}{i} \right\}.$$

*Then  $h + \mathbf{H}(s, t, n)$  is also the  $h$ -vector of a level algebra.*

In [16], Yoo proved that the O-sequence 1 3 6 7 6 5 4 cannot be level using Proposition 2.14.

### 3. Another cases of Non-level O-sequences

**Remark 3.1.** Recall the Betti diagram of  $R/I$ :

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 & & 0 & 1 & 2 \\
 0 & \left( \begin{array}{cccc}
 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & * & * & * \\
 \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\
 d-3 & 0 & \beta_{0,d-2}(I) & \beta_{1,d-1}(I) & \beta_{2,d}(I) \\
 d-2 & 0 & \beta_{0,d-1}(I) & \beta_{1,d}(I) & \beta_{2,d+1}(I) \\
 d-1 & 0 & \beta_{0,d}(I) & \beta_{1,d+1}(I) & \beta_{2,d+2}(I) \\
 \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots
 \end{array} \right)
 \end{array}$$

The goal of this section is to prove that some certain codimension 3 Artinian O-sequences  $\mathbf{H}$  cannot be level. In other words, if  $R/I$  is a codimension 3 Artinian algebra of type 4 and socle degree 6 with Hilbert function  $\mathbf{H}$  such that

$$\beta_{1,d+2}(I^{\text{lex}}) = \beta_{2,d+2}(I^{\text{lex}}) + 1 \text{ or } \beta_{1,d+2}(I^{\text{lex}}) = \beta_{2,d+2}(I^{\text{lex}})$$

where  $I^{\text{lex}}$  is a lex-segment ideal associated to  $I$ , then one can show that some of these cases cannot be level (see Propositions 3.3 and 3.6).

First of all, we introduce such cases in the following question.

**Question 3.2.** If  $I$  is the lex-segment ideal of  $R = k[x_1, x_2, x_3]$  with Hilbert function  $\mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 7 \ 6 \ 4$ , then  $R/I$  has a minimal free

resolution as follows.

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &\rightarrow \mathbf{R}^3(-6) \oplus R^2(-7) \oplus R^2(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\
&\rightarrow R^8(-5) \oplus \mathbf{R}^4(-6) \oplus R^5(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\
&\rightarrow R(-3) \oplus R^5(-4) \oplus R^2(-5) \oplus R^3(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\
&\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0.
\end{aligned} \tag{3.1}$$

Then the difference between the Betti number of the shift 6 in the last free module and the Betti number of the same shift in the middle free module is 1.

Now we shall prove that  $\mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 7 \ 6 \ 4$  cannot be level in the following proposition.

**Proposition 3.3.** *The Artinian O-sequence  $\mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 7 \ 6 \ 4$  cannot be level.*

Before we give the proof of this proposition, we recall the following theorem here.

**Theorem 3.4** (Eliahou-Kervaire, [13]). *Let  $I$  be a stable monomial ideal of  $R$ . Denote by  $\mathcal{G}(I)$  the set of minimal (monomial) generators of  $I$  and  $\mathcal{G}(I)_d$  the elements of  $\mathcal{G}(I)$  having degree  $d$ . Then*

$$\beta_{q,i}(I) = \sum_{T \in \mathcal{G}(I)_{i-q}} \binom{m(T) - 1}{q}$$

This theorem gives all the graded Betti numbers of the lex-segment ideal and the generic initial ideal just from an intimate knowledge of the generators of that ideal. Since the minimal free resolution of the ideal of a  $k$ -configuration in  $\mathbb{P}^n$  is extremal ([4], [6]), we may apply this result to those ideals. It is an immediate consequence of the Eliahou–Kervaire theorem that if  $I$  is a lex-segment ideal, a generic initial ideal, or the ideal of a  $k$ -configuration in  $\mathbb{P}^n$  which has *no* generators in degree  $d$ , then  $\beta_{q,i} = 0$  whenever  $i - q = d$ .

*Proof of Proposition 3.3.* We assume that there exists an ideal  $I$  in  $R = k[x_1, x_2, x_3]$  such that  $R/I$  is an Artinian level algebra with the given Hilbert function  $\mathbf{H}$ .

Let  $I^{\text{lex}}$  be a lex-segment ideal associated to  $I$  in  $R = k[x_1, x_2, x_3]$ . Then, by equation (3.1), the Betti diagram of  $R/I^{\text{lex}}$  is as follows:

total:	1	-	-	-
0:	1	-	-	-
1:	0	0	0	0
2:	0	1	0	0
3:	0	5	8	(3)
4:	0	2	(4)	2
5:	0	3	5	2

$$6: 0 \quad 4 \quad 8 \quad 4$$

In other words, we have

$$\beta_{1,6}(I^{\text{lex}}) = \beta_{2,6}(I^{\text{lex}}) + 1 = 4.$$

Let  $K := (I_{\leq 5})^{\text{lex}}$ . Note that  $I^{\text{lex}}$  and  $K$  agree in degree  $\leq 5$ . Hence we can write the Betti diagram of  $R/K$  as

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 \text{total:} & 1 & - & - & - \\
 \hline
 0: & 1 & - & - & - \\
 1: & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 2: & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
 3: & 0 & 5 & 8 & (3) \\
 4: & 0 & 2 & (4) & 2 \\
 5: & 0 & x & y & * \\
 & & \dots & \dots & \dots
 \end{array}$$

Since  $R/I$  is level and  $(I_{\leq 5})$  has no generators in degree 6, we have

$$\beta_{0,6}((I_{\leq 5})) = \beta_{2,6}((I_{\leq 5})) = 0.$$

Moreover, by Lemma 2.9 (a) in [11], we see that

$$\begin{aligned}
x &= \beta_{0,6}(K) \\
&= \beta_{1,6}(K) - \beta_{1,6}(I_{\leq 5}) - \beta_{2,6}(K) \\
&\leq \beta_{1,6}(K) - \beta_{2,6}(K) \\
&= 4 - 3 \\
&= 1,
\end{aligned}$$

which follows that  $x = 0$  or  $x = 1$ .

*Case 1.* Let  $x = 0$ . Then, by Theorem 3.4, we have  $y = 0$ . Moreover, by Lemma 2.9 (a) in [11] again, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
\beta_{2,7}(K) - \beta_{2,7}(I_{\leq 5}) &\leq \beta_{1,7}(K) - \beta_{1,7}(I_{\leq 5}) \\
&\leq \beta_{1,7}(K) \\
&= y \\
&= 0,
\end{aligned}$$

which follows that

$$\beta_{2,7}(K) = \beta_{2,7}(I_{\leq 5}) = 2.$$

Hence  $R/(I_{\leq 5})$  has two dimensional socle elements in degree 4, so does  $R/I$  since  $R/(I_{\leq 5})$  and  $R/I$  agree in degree  $\leq 5$ , which is a contradiction.

*Case 2.* If  $x = 1$ , then  $K$  has one generator in degree 6, and hence the Hilbert funtions of  $R/K$  and  $R/(I_{\leq 5})$  begin

$$1 \quad 3 \quad 6 \quad 9 \quad 7 \quad 6 \quad 6 \cdots .$$

Thus by Theorem 4.1 [11],  $R/(I_{\leq 5})$  has a socle element in degree 4, and so does  $R/I$  since  $R/(I_{\leq 5})$  and  $R/I$  agree in degree  $\leq 5$ , which is a contradiction.

By Cases 1 and 2, the O-sequence  $\mathbf{H}$  cannot be level, as we wished.

□

**Remark 3.5.** Using the same idea as in the proof of Proposition 3.3, one can show that any graded Artinian algebra  $R/I$  with Hilbert function  $1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 8 \ 7 \ 4$  cannot be level.

Here we prove that a slight different case from the above cannot be level, either.

**Proposition 3.6.** *The Artinian O-sequence  $\mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 10 \ 6 \ 4$  cannot be level.*

*Proof.* We assume that there exists an ideal  $I$  in  $R = k[x_1, x_2, x_3]$  such that  $R/I$  is an Artinian level algebra with the given Hilbert function  $\mathbf{H}$ .

Let  $I^{\text{lex}}$  be a lex-segment ideal associated to  $I$  in  $R = k[x_1, x_2, x_3]$ . Then the Betti diagram of  $R/I^{\text{lex}}$  is as follows:

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 \text{total:} & 1 & - & - & - \\
 \hline
 & & & & \\
 0: & 1 & - & - & -
 \end{array}$$

1:	0	0	0	0
2:	0	0	0	0
3:	0	5	6	2
4:	0	6	11	(5)
5:	0	3	(5)	2
6:	0	4	8	4

In other words, we have

$$\beta_{1,7}(I^{\text{lex}}) = \beta_{2,7}(I^{\text{lex}}) = 5.$$

Let  $K := (I_{\leq 6})^{\text{lex}}$ . Note that  $I^{\text{lex}}$  and  $K$  agree in degree  $\leq 6$ . Hence we can write the Betti diagram of  $R/K$  as

total:	1	-	-	-
-----				
0:	1	-	-	-
1:	0	0	0	0
2:	0	0	0	0
3:	0	5	6	2
4:	0	6	11	(5)
5:	0	3	(5)	2
6:	0	x	y	*

Since  $R/I$  is level and  $(I_{\leq 6})$  has no generators in degree 7, we have

$$\beta_{0,7}((I_{\leq 6})) = \beta_{2,7}((I_{\leq 6})) = 0.$$

Moreover, by Lemma 2.9 (a) in [11], we see that

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \beta_{0,7}(K) \\ &= \beta_{1,7}(K) - \beta_{1,7}(I_{\leq 6}) - \beta_{2,7}(K) \\ &\leq \beta_{1,7}(K) - \beta_{2,7}(K) \\ &= 5 - 5 \\ &= 0, \end{aligned}$$

which follows that  $x = 0$ . Then, by Theorem 3.4, we have  $y = 0$ .

Moreover, by Lemma 2.9 (a) in [11] again, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \beta_{2,8}(K) - \beta_{2,8}((I_{\leq 6})) &\leq \beta_{1,8}(K) - \beta_{1,8}((I_{\leq 6})) \\ &\leq \beta_{1,8}(K) \\ &= y \\ &= 0, \end{aligned}$$

which follows that

$$\beta_{2,8}(K) = \beta_{2,8}((I_{\leq 6})) = 2.$$

Hence  $R/(I_{\leq 6})$  has two dimensional socle elements in degree 5, so does  $R/I$  since  $R/(I_{\leq 6})$  and  $R/I$  agree in degree  $\leq 6$ , which is a contradiction.

Therefore,  $R/I$  is not level, as we wished.  $\square$

**Remark 3.7.** Using the same idea as in the proof of Proposition 3.6, one can show that the following cases in Table 5 cannot be level.

38) 1 3 5 6 7 5 4	51) 1 3 5 7 7 5 4	91) 1 3 6 6 7 6 4
103) 1 3 6 7 7 5 4	130) 1 3 6 8 7 5 4	150) 1 3 6 8 10 6 4
166) 1 3 6 9 7 5 4	186) 1 3 6 9 10 6 4	220) 1 3 6 10 7 5 4
268) 1 3 6 10 13 7 4		

TABLE 5

Moreover, we can use the same idea to the cases  $\beta_{1,6}(K) = \beta_{2,6}((I_{\leq 6}))$ .

In other words, the following O-sequences in Table 6 cannot be level.

126) 1 3 6 8 6 5 4	221) 1 3 6 10 7 6 4	245) 1 3 6 10 10 11 4
--------------------	---------------------	-----------------------

TABLE 6

## APPENDIX A.

### The construction of some codimension 3 Level algebras of socle degree 6 and type 4

In this appendix, we introduce how to construct level O-sequences using the “link-sum” construction which are given by Cho in [1] and Yoo in [16]. They used the computer programs S-plus and CoCoA to produce them here.

**Definition A.1.** (Definition 2.1, [14])

- (a) A finite set  $\mathbb{X}$  of points  $\mathbb{P}^2$  is called a *basic configuration* of type  $(d, e)$  if there exists distinct elements  $b_j, c_j$  in  $k$  such that

$$I = \left( \prod_{j=1}^d (x - b_j z), \prod_{j=1}^e (y - c_j z) \right).$$

We denote  $\mathbb{X} := \mathbb{B}(d, e)$ .

- (b) A finite set  $\mathbb{X}$  of points in  $\mathbb{P}^2$  is called a *pure configuration* if there exist finite basic configurations  $\mathbb{B}(d_1, e_1), \dots, \mathbb{B}(d_m, e_m)$  where  $e_1 > \dots > e_m$ , which satisfy the following three conditions:

- i)  $\mathbb{B}(d_i, e_i) \cap \mathbb{B}(d_j, e_j) = \emptyset$  if  $i \neq j$ ,
- ii)  $\mathbb{X} = \mathbb{B}(d_1, e_1) \cup \dots \cup \mathbb{B}(d_m, e_m)$ ,
- iii)  $\varphi(\mathbb{B}(d_i, e_i)) \supset \varphi(\mathbb{B}(d_{i+1}, e_{i+1}))$  for all  $1 \leq i \leq m - 1$ , where  $\varphi : \mathbb{P}^2 \setminus \{(1, 0, 0)\} \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$  is the map defined by sending the

point  $(x, y, z)$  to the point  $(y, z)$ . In this case, we denote

$$\mathbb{X} = \cup_{i=1}^m \mathbb{B}(d_i, e_i).$$

**Proposition A.2** (Proposition 3.8 in [5]). *Let  $\mathbb{X} = \cup_{i=1}^m \mathbb{B}(d_i, e_i)$  be a pure configuration in  $\mathbb{P}^2$ . Then a minimal free resolution of  $\mathbb{X}$  is :*

$$0 \rightarrow \bigoplus_{i=1}^m R(-p_i) \rightarrow \bigoplus_{i=1}^{m+1} R(-q_i) \rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0,$$

where

$$q_1 = e_1, \quad q_i = d_1 + \cdots + d_{i-1} + e_i \quad (2 \leq i \leq m),$$

$$q_{m+1} = d_1 + \cdots + d_m, \quad p_i = q_i + d_i \quad (1 \leq i \leq m).$$

**Example A.3** (Example 3.9 in [5]). Let  $\mathbb{X} = \mathbb{B}(3, 6) \cup \mathbb{B}(4, 2) \cup \mathbb{B}(2, 2) \cup \mathbb{B}(1, 1)$  be a pure configuration in  $\mathbb{P}^2$ .

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \end{array} \right\}$$

The minimal free resolution of  $\mathbb{Z}$  is

$$0 \rightarrow R^4(-9) \rightarrow R(-6) \oplus R^2(-7) \oplus R^2(-8) \rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0.$$

**Corollary A.4** (Corollary 3.10, [5]). *Let  $\mathbb{X} = \bigcup_{i=1}^m \mathbb{B}(d_i, e_i)$  be a pure configuration in  $\mathbb{P}^2$ . Then  $\mathbb{X}$  is level if and only if*

$$e_i - e_{i+1} = d_{i+1}$$

for all  $1 \leq i \leq m - 1$ .

If  $r(A)$  is the Cohen-Macaulay type of a Cohen-Macaulay standard graded  $k$ -algebra  $A$ , and if  $A = \bigoplus_{i=0}^{\infty} A_i$  is an Artinian level algebra, then  $r(A) = \dim_k A_{\sigma(A)-1}$ , where  $\sigma(A) = \min\{i | A_i = 0\}$ . If  $\mathbb{Z} = \bigcup_{i=1}^m \mathbb{B}(d_i, e_i)$  is a level pure configuration in  $\mathbb{P}^2$ , then  $r(\mathbb{Z}) = r(R/I) = m$ .

**Lemma A.5** (Lemma 3.14, [5]). *Let  $\mathbb{Z}$  be a level set of points in  $\mathbb{P}^n$  and  $\mathbb{X}$  a subset of  $\mathbb{Z}$ . Set  $\mathbb{Y} := \mathbb{Z}/\mathbb{X}$ . Then  $R/(I_{\mathbb{X}} + I_{\mathbb{Y}})$  is an Artinian level graded  $k$ -algebra with  $\sigma(R/(I_{\mathbb{X}} + I_{\mathbb{Y}})) = \sigma(\mathbb{Z}) - 1$  and  $r(R/(I_{\mathbb{X}} + I_{\mathbb{Y}})) \leq r(\mathbb{Z})$ .*

**Corollary A.6** (Corollary 3.15, [5]). *Let  $\mathbb{Z} = \bigcup_{i=1}^m \mathbb{B}(d_i, e_i)$  be a level pure configuration in  $\mathbb{P}^2$  and  $\mathbb{X}$  a subset of  $\mathbb{Z}$ . Set  $\mathbb{Y} := \mathbb{Z}/\mathbb{X}$ . Then  $R/(I_{\mathbb{X}} + I_{\mathbb{Y}})$  is an Artinian level graded  $k$ -algebra with  $\sigma(R/(I_{\mathbb{X}} + I_{\mathbb{Y}})) = d_1 + e_1 - 2$  and  $r(R/(I_{\mathbb{X}} + I_{\mathbb{Y}})) \leq m$ .*

Let  $\mathbb{X}$  be the set of all  $\bullet$ 's in  $\mathbb{Z}$  and  $\mathbb{Y}$  be the set of all  $*$ 's in  $\mathbb{Z}$ . Next to each diagram we give the Hilbert functions of  $\mathbb{X}$ ,  $\mathbb{Y}$ ,  $\mathbb{Z}$  and  $A = R/(I_{\mathbb{X}} + I_{\mathbb{Y}})$ .





52)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & * & \\ \bullet & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 20 \ 24 \ 24 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 7 \ 6 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

53)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & * & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 24 \ 24 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

58)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & \bullet & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 20 \ 23 \ 23 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 8 \ 7 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

59)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 23 \ 23 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 8 \ 8 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

60)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 8 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 22 \ 22 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 8 \ 9 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$



104)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 20 \ 24 \ 24 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 7 \ 7 \ 6 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

105)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ * & * & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 24 \ 24 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 7 \ 7 \ 7 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

110)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & * & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 20 \ 23 \ 23 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ 7 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

111)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet & \bullet & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 23 \ 23 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ 8 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

112)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & * & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & \bullet & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 22 \ 22 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ 9 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

136)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 19 \ 23 \ 23 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 8 \ 6 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

137)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * & \\ \bullet & * & * & * & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 20 \ 23 \ 23 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 8 \ 7 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

138)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & * & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 23 \ 10 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 8 \ 8 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

143)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 19 \ 22 \ 22 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 9 \ 7 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

144)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & * & * & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & \\ * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 20 \ 22 \ 22 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 9 \ 8 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

145)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & * & \\ * & * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 22 \ 22 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 9 \ 9 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

146)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & * & * & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & * & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 9 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 21 \ 21 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 9 \ 10 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

152)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & * & * & * & * & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 19 \ 21 \ 21 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 10 \ 8 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

153)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & \\ * & \bullet & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 20 \ 21 \ 21 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 10 \ 9 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

154)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & * & * & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 21 \ 21 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 8 \ 10 \ 10 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

172)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & \\ \bullet & * & * & * & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 14 \ 18 \ 22 \ 22 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 8 \ 6 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

179)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & * & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & \bullet & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 19 \ 22 \ 22 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 9 \ 7 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

180)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & * & * & * & * & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 20 \ 22 \ 22 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 9 \ 8 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

181)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 22 \ 22 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 9 \ 9 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

187)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & * & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 18 \ 21 \ 21 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 10 \ 7 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

188)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 10 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 18 \ 20 \ 20 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 10 \ 8 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

189)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & * & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & * & \bullet & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & * & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & \bullet & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 20 \ 21 \ 21 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 10 \ 9 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

190)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 21 \ 21 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 10 \ 10 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

197)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 18 \ 20 \ 20 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 11 \ 8 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

198)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \\ * & * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 19 \ 20 \ 20 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 11 \ 9 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

199)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & * & * & * & * & \\ * & * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 20 \ 20 \ 20 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 11 \ 10 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

206)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 12 \ 12 \ 12 \ 12 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 17 \ 19 \ 19 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 12 \ 8 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

207)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & * & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & * & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 12 \ 12 \ 12 \ 12 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 18 \ 19 \ 19 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 12 \ 9 \ 4 \ 4 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

208)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 12 \ 12 \ 12 \ 12 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 19 \ 19 \ 19 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 9 \ 12 \ 10 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

233)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & * & \\ \bullet & * & * & * & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 14 \ 18 \ 21 \ 21 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 9 \ 7 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

241)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 18 \ 21 \ 21 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 10 \ 7 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

242)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 19 \ 21 \ 21 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 10 \ 8 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

243)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * & * & \\ * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 20 \ 21 \ 21 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 10 \ 9 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

244)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & \bullet & \\ * & \bullet & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 21 \ 21 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 10 \ 10 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

251)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & * & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & * & \bullet & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & * & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 18 \ 20 \ 20 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 11 \ 8 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

252)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & \\ * & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 19 \ 20 \ 20 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 11 \ 9 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

253)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ 11 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 20 \ 20 \ 20 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 11 \ 10 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

260)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 12 \ 12 \ 12 \ 12 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 17 \ 19 \ 19 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 12 \ 8 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

261)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & * & * & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & * & \bullet & \\ \bullet & * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 12 \ 12 \ 12 \ 12 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 18 \ 19 \ 19 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 12 \ 9 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

262)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & \bullet & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 13 \ 13 \ 13 \ 13 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 14 \ 18 \ 18 \ 18 \ \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 12 \ 10 \ 4 \ 0 \ \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

270)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & * & \bullet & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & \bullet & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 13 \ 13 \ 13 \ 13 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 17 \ 18 \ 18 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 13 \ 9 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

271)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & * & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & \\ \bullet & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 13 \ 13 \ 13 \ 13 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 18 \ 18 \ 18 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 13 \ 10 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

279)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & \bullet & * & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & * & \bullet & \bullet & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & * & \bullet & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & * & \\ \bullet & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 14 \ 14 \ 14 \ 14 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 16 \ 17 \ 17 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 14 \ 9 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

280)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & \bullet & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & * & * & * & & & \\ \bullet & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & \\ * & * & * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & * \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 14 \ 15 \ 15 \ 15 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 16 \ 16 \ 16 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 14 \ 10 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

289)

$$\mathbb{Z} = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccc} \bullet & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & & & & & \\ * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & & & \\ \bullet & \bullet & * & * & \bullet & & & \\ \bullet & * & * & * & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \\ * & * & * & \bullet & * & \bullet & * & \bullet \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 21 \ 27 \ 31 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 15 \ 15 \ 15 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H} : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 16 \ 16 \ 16 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{H}_A : 1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 10 \ 15 \ 10 \ 4 \ 0 \rightarrow . \end{array}$$

Table 7. All possible Artinian O-sequences of codimension 3  
with the length 7 and type 4.

1)	1 3 3 4 4 4 4	2)	1 3 3 4 5 4 4	3)	1 3 4 5 5 4 4
4)	1 3 3 4 5 6 4	5)	1 3 4 4 4 4 4	6)	1 3 4 4 5 4 4
7)	1 3 4 4 5 5 4	8)	1 3 4 4 5 6 4	9)	1 3 4 5 4 4 4
10)	1 3 4 5 5 4 4	11)	1 3 4 5 5 5 4	12)	1 3 4 5 5 6 4
13)	1 3 4 5 6 4 4	14)	1 3 4 5 6 5 4	15)	1 3 4 5 6 6 4
16)	1 3 4 5 6 7 4	17)	1 3 5 4 4 4 4	18)	1 3 5 4 5 4 4
19)	1 3 5 4 5 5 4	20)	1 3 5 4 5 6 4	21)	1 3 5 5 4 4 4
22)	1 3 5 5 5 4 4	23)	1 3 5 5 5 5 4	24)	1 3 5 5 5 6 4
25)	1 3 5 5 6 4 4	26)	1 3 5 5 6 5 4	27)	1 3 5 5 6 6 4
28)	1 3 5 5 6 7 4	29)	1 3 5 6 4 4 4	30)	1 3 5 6 5 4 4
31)	1 3 5 6 5 5 4	32)	1 3 5 6 5 6 4	33)	1 3 5 6 6 4 4
34)	1 3 5 6 6 5 4	35)	1 3 5 6 6 6 4	36)	1 3 5 6 6 7 4
37)	1 3 5 6 7 4 4	38)	1 3 5 6 7 5 4	39)	1 3 5 6 7 6 4
40)	1 3 5 6 7 7 4	41)	1 3 5 6 7 8 4	42)	1 3 5 7 4 4 4
43)	1 3 5 7 5 4 4	44)	1 3 5 7 5 5 4	45)	1 3 5 7 5 6 4
46)	1 3 5 7 6 4 4	47)	1 3 5 7 6 5 4	48)	1 3 5 7 6 6 4
49)	1 3 5 7 6 7 4	50)	1 3 5 7 7 4 4	51)	1 3 5 7 7 5 4
52)	1 3 5 7 7 6 4	53)	1 3 5 7 7 7 4	54)	1 3 5 7 7 8 4
55)	1 3 5 7 8 4 4	56)	1 3 5 7 8 5 4	57)	1 3 5 7 8 6 4
58)	1 3 5 7 8 7 4	59)	1 3 5 7 8 8 4	60)	1 3 5 7 8 9 4
61)	1 3 5 7 9 4 4	62)	1 3 5 7 9 5 4	63)	1 3 5 7 9 6 4
64)	1 3 5 7 9 7 4	65)	1 3 5 7 9 8 4	66)	1 3 5 7 9 9 4
67)	1 3 5 7 9 10 4	68)	1 3 5 7 9 11 4	69)	1 3 6 4 4 4 4
70)	1 3 6 4 5 4 4	71)	1 3 6 4 5 5 4	72)	1 3 6 4 5 6 4
73)	1 3 6 5 4 4 4	74)	1 3 6 5 5 4 4	75)	1 3 6 5 5 5 4
76)	1 3 6 5 5 6 4	77)	1 3 6 5 6 4 4	78)	1 3 6 5 6 5 4
79)	1 3 6 5 6 6 4	80)	1 3 6 5 6 7 4	81)	1 3 6 6 4 4 4
82)	1 3 6 6 5 4 4	83)	1 3 6 6 5 5 4	84)	1 3 6 6 5 6 4
85)	1 3 6 6 6 5 4	86)	1 3 6 6 6 5 4	87)	1 3 6 6 6 6 4
88)	1 3 6 6 6 7 4	89)	1 3 6 6 7 4 4	90)	1 3 6 6 7 5 4

91)	1 3 6 6 7 6 4	92)	1 3 6 6 7 7 4	93)	1 3 6 6 7 8 4
94)	1 3 6 7 4 4 4	95)	1 3 6 7 5 4 4	96)	1 3 6 7 5 5 4
97)	1 3 6 7 5 6 4	98)	1 3 6 7 6 4 4	99)	1 3 6 7 6 5 4
100)	1 3 6 7 6 6 4	101)	1 3 6 7 6 7 4	102)	1 3 6 7 7 4 4
103)	1 3 6 7 7 5 4	104)	1 3 6 7 7 6 4	105)	1 3 6 7 7 7 4
106)	1 3 6 7 7 8 4	107)	1 3 6 7 8 4 4	108)	1 3 6 7 8 5 4
109)	1 3 6 7 8 6 4	110)	1 3 6 7 8 7 4	111)	1 3 6 7 8 8 4
112)	1 3 6 7 8 9 4	113)	1 3 6 7 9 4 4	114)	1 3 6 7 9 5 4
115)	1 3 6 7 9 6 4	116)	1 3 6 7 9 7 4	117)	1 3 6 7 9 8 4
118)	1 3 6 7 9 9 4	119)	1 3 6 7 9 10 4	120)	1 3 6 7 9 11 4
121)	1 3 6 8 4 4 4	122)	1 3 6 8 5 4 4	123)	1 3 6 8 5 5 4
124)	1 3 6 8 5 6 4	125)	1 3 6 8 6 4 4	126)	1 3 6 8 6 5 4
127)	1 3 6 8 6 6 4	128)	1 3 6 8 6 7 4	129)	1 3 6 8 7 4 4
130)	1 3 6 8 7 5 4	131)	1 3 6 8 7 6 4	132)	1 3 6 8 7 7 4
133)	1 3 6 8 7 8 4	134)	1 3 6 8 8 4 4	135)	1 3 6 8 8 5 4
136)	1 3 6 8 8 6 4	137)	1 3 6 8 8 7 4	138)	1 3 6 8 8 8 4
139)	1 3 6 8 8 9 4	140)	1 3 6 8 9 4 4	141)	1 3 6 8 9 5 4
142)	1 3 6 8 9 6 4	143)	1 3 6 8 9 7 4	144)	1 3 6 8 9 8 4
145)	1 3 6 8 9 9 4	146)	1 3 6 8 9 10 4	147)	1 3 6 8 9 11 4
148)	1 3 6 8 10 4 4	149)	1 3 6 8 10 5 4	150)	1 3 6 8 10 6 4
151)	1 3 6 8 10 7 4	152)	1 3 6 8 10 8 4	153)	1 3 6 8 10 9 4
154)	1 3 6 8 10 10 4	155)	1 3 6 8 10 11 4	156)	1 3 6 8 10 12 4
157)	1 3 6 9 4 4 4	158)	1 3 6 9 5 4 4	159)	1 3 6 9 5 5 4
160)	1 3 6 9 5 6 4	161)	1 3 6 9 6 4 4	162)	1 3 6 9 6 5 4
163)	1 3 6 9 6 6 4	164)	1 3 6 9 6 7 4	165)	1 3 6 9 7 4 4
166)	1 3 6 9 7 5 4	167)	1 3 6 9 7 6 4	168)	1 3 6 9 7 7 4
169)	1 3 6 9 7 8 4	170)	1 3 6 9 8 4 4	171)	1 3 6 9 8 5 4
172)	1 3 6 9 8 6 4	173)	1 3 6 9 8 7 4	174)	1 3 6 9 8 8 4
175)	1 3 6 9 8 9 4	176)	1 3 6 9 9 4 4	177)	1 3 6 9 9 5 4
178)	1 3 6 9 9 6 4	179)	1 3 6 9 9 7 4	180)	1 3 6 9 9 8 4
181)	1 3 6 9 9 9 4	182)	1 3 6 9 9 10 4	183)	1 3 6 9 9 11 4
184)	1 3 6 9 10 4 4	185)	1 3 6 9 10 5 4	186)	1 3 6 9 10 6 4
187)	1 3 6 9 10 7 4	188)	1 3 6 9 10 8 4	189)	1 3 6 9 10 9 4
190)	1 3 6 9 10 10 4	191)	1 3 6 9 10 11 4	192)	1 3 6 9 10 12 4
193)	1 3 6 9 11 4 4	194)	1 3 6 9 11 5 4	195)	1 3 6 9 11 6 4
196)	1 3 6 9 11 7 4	197)	1 3 6 9 11 8 4	198)	1 3 6 9 11 9 4
199)	1 3 6 9 11 10 4	200)	1 3 6 9 11 11 4	201)	1 3 6 9 11 12 4

202)	1 3 6 9 12 4 4	203)	1 3 6 9 12 5 4	204)	1 3 6 9 12 6 4
205)	1 3 6 9 12 7 4	206)	1 3 6 9 12 8 4	207)	1 3 6 9 12 9 4
208)	1 3 6 9 12 10 4	209)	1 3 6 9 12 11 4	210)	1 3 6 9 12 12 4
211)	1 3 6 10 4 4 4	212)	1 3 6 10 5 4 4	213)	1 3 6 10 5 5 4
214)	1 3 6 10 5 6 4	215)	1 3 6 10 6 4 4	216)	1 3 6 10 6 5 4
217)	1 3 6 10 6 6 4	218)	1 3 6 10 6 7 4	219)	1 3 6 10 7 4 4
220)	1 3 6 10 7 5 4	221)	1 3 6 10 7 6 4	222)	1 3 6 10 7 7 4
223)	1 3 6 10 7 8 4	224)	1 3 6 10 8 4 4	225)	1 3 6 10 8 5 4
226)	1 3 6 10 8 6 4	227)	1 3 6 10 8 7 4	228)	1 3 6 10 8 8 4
229)	1 3 6 10 8 9 4	230)	1 3 6 10 9 4 4	231)	1 3 6 10 9 5 4
232)	1 3 6 10 9 6 4	233)	1 3 6 10 9 7 4	234)	1 3 6 10 9 8 4
235)	1 3 6 10 9 9 4	236)	1 3 6 10 9 10 4	237)	1 3 6 10 9 11 4
238)	1 3 6 10 10 4 4	239)	1 3 6 10 10 5 4	240)	1 3 6 10 10 6 4
241)	1 3 6 10 10 7 4	242)	1 3 6 10 10 8 4	243)	1 3 6 10 10 9 4
244)	1 3 6 10 10 10 4	245)	1 3 6 10 10 11 4	246)	1 3 6 10 10 12 4
247)	1 3 6 10 11 4 4	248)	1 3 6 10 11 5 4	249)	1 3 6 10 11 6 4
250)	1 3 6 10 11 7 4	251)	1 3 6 10 11 8 4	252)	1 3 6 10 11 9 4
253)	1 3 6 10 11 10 4	254)	1 3 6 10 11 11 4	255)	1 3 6 10 11 12 4
256)	1 3 6 10 12 4 4	257)	1 3 6 10 12 5 4	258)	1 3 6 10 12 6 4
259)	1 3 6 10 12 7 4	260)	1 3 6 10 12 8 4	261)	1 3 6 10 12 9 4
262)	1 3 6 10 12 10 4	263)	1 3 6 10 12 11 4	264)	1 3 6 10 12 12 4
265)	1 3 6 10 13 4 4	266)	1 3 6 10 13 5 4	267)	1 3 6 10 13 6 4
268)	1 3 6 10 13 7 4	269)	1 3 6 10 13 8 4	270)	1 3 6 10 13 9 4
271)	1 3 6 10 13 10 4	272)	1 3 6 10 13 11 4	273)	1 3 6 10 13 12 4
274)	1 3 6 10 14 4 4	275)	1 3 6 10 14 5 4	276)	1 3 6 10 14 6 4
277)	1 3 6 10 14 7 4	278)	1 3 6 10 14 8 4	279)	1 3 6 10 14 9 4
280)	1 3 6 10 14 10 4	281)	1 3 6 10 14 11 4	282)	1 3 6 10 14 12 4
283)	1 3 6 10 15 4 4	284)	1 3 6 10 15 5 4	285)	1 3 6 10 15 6 4
286)	1 3 6 10 15 7 4	287)	1 3 6 10 15 8 4	288)	1 3 6 10 15 9 4
289)	1 3 6 10 15 10 4	290)	1 3 6 10 15 11 4	291)	1 3 6 10 15 12 4

APPENDIX B.

**Minimal Free Resolutions of The Rest of Unknown 30 Cases.**

We give minimal free resolutions of unknown 30 cases which we should prove here.

14) 1 3 4 5 6 5 4

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 &\rightarrow R(-7) \oplus R(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\
 &\rightarrow R(-3) \oplus R^3(-6) \oplus R^2(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\
 &\rightarrow R^2(-2) \oplus R^2(-5) \oplus R(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\
 &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0.
 \end{aligned}$$

57) 1 3 5 7 8 6 4

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 &\rightarrow R^3(-7) \oplus R^2(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\
 &\rightarrow R(-5) \oplus R^6(-6) \oplus R^5(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\
 &\rightarrow R(-2) \oplus R(-4) \oplus R^3(-5) \oplus R^3(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\
 &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0.
 \end{aligned}$$

63) 1 3 5 7 9 6 4

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 &\rightarrow R^4(-7) \oplus R^2(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\
 &\rightarrow R^9(-6) \oplus R^5(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\
 &\rightarrow R(-2) \oplus R^5(-5) \oplus R^3(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\
 &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0.
 \end{aligned}$$

64) 1 3 5 7 9 7 4

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 &\rightarrow R^3(-7) \oplus R^3(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\
 &\rightarrow R^7(-6) \oplus R^7(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\
 &\rightarrow R(-2) \oplus R^4(-5) \oplus R^4(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\
 &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0.
 \end{aligned}$$

68) 1 3 5 7 9 11 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^7(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^{16}(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R(-2) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

109) 1 3 6 7 8 6 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R(-5) \oplus R^3(-7) \oplus R^2(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^3(-4) \oplus R(-5) \oplus R^6(-6) \oplus R^5(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^3(-3) \oplus R(-4) \oplus R^3(-5) \oplus R^3(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

131) 1 3 6 8 7 6 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^2(-6) \oplus R^2(-7) \oplus R^2(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R(-4) \oplus R^5(-5) \oplus R^4(-6) \oplus R^5(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^2(-3) \oplus R^3(-4) \oplus R^2(-5) \oplus R^3(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

142) 1 3 6 8 9 6 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \oplus R^2(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R(-4) \oplus R^2(-5) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^5(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^2(-3) \oplus R(-4) \oplus R^3(-5) \oplus R^3(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

151) 1 3 6 8 10 7 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^4(-7) \oplus R^3(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R(-4) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^7(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^2(-3) \oplus R^5(-5) \oplus R^4(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

155) 1 3 6 8 10 11 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R(-7) \oplus R^7(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R(-4) \oplus R^2(-6) \oplus R^{16}(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^2(-3) \oplus R(-5) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

173) 1 3 6 9 8 7 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^2(-6) \oplus R^2(-7) \oplus R^3(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^6(-5) \oplus R^4(-6) \oplus R^7(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R(-3) \oplus R^4(-4) \oplus R^2(-5) \oplus R^4(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

178) 1 3 6 9 9 6 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^2(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \oplus R^2(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^5(-5) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^5(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R(-3) \oplus R^3(-4) \oplus R^5(-5) \oplus R^3(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

196) 1 3 6 9 11 7 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^5(-7) \oplus R^3(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R(-5) \oplus R^{11}(-6) \oplus R^7(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R(-3) \oplus R(-4) \oplus R^6(-5) \oplus R^4(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

200) 1 3 6 9 11 11 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^2(-7) \oplus R^7(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R(-5) \oplus R^4(-6) \oplus R^{16}(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R(-3) \oplus R(-4) \oplus R^2(-5) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

205) 1 3 6 9 12 7 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^6(-7) \oplus R^3(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^{14}(-6) \oplus R^7(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R(-3) \oplus R^8(-5) \oplus R^4(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

209) 1 3 6 9 12 11 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^3(-7) \oplus R^7(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^7(-6) \oplus R^{16}(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R(-3) \oplus R^4(-5) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

226) 1 3 6 10 8 6 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^3(-6) \oplus R^3(-7) \oplus R^2(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^9(-5) \oplus R^6(-6) \oplus R^5(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^7(-4) \oplus R^3(-5) \oplus R^3(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

232) 1 3 6 10 9 6 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^3(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \oplus R^2(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^8(-5) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^5(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^6(-4) \oplus R^5(-5) \oplus R^3(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

234) 1 3 6 10 9 8 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^3(-6) \oplus R^2(-7) \oplus R^4(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^8(-5) \oplus R^5(-6) \oplus R^9(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^6(-4) \oplus R^3(-5) \oplus R^5(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

250) 1 3 6 10 11 7 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R(-6) \oplus R^5(-7) \oplus R^3(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^4(-5) \oplus R^{11}(-6) \oplus R^7(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^4(-4) \oplus R^6(-5) \oplus R^4(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

254) 1 3 6 10 11 11 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R(-6) \oplus R^2(-7) \oplus R^7(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^4(-5) \oplus R^4(-6) \oplus R^{16}(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^4(-4) \oplus R^2(-5) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

259) 1 3 6 10 12 7 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R(-6) \oplus R^6(-7) \oplus R^3(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^3(-5) \oplus R^{14}(-6) \oplus R^7(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^3(-4) \oplus R^8(-5) \oplus R^4(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

263) 1 3 6 10 12 11 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R(-6) \oplus R^3(-7) \oplus R^7(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^3(-5) \oplus R^7(-6) \oplus R^{16}(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^3(-4) \oplus R^4(-5) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

269) 1 3 6 10 13 8 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^6(-7) \oplus R^4(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R(-5) \oplus R^{14}(-6) \oplus R^9(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^2(-4) \oplus R^8(-5) \oplus R^5(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

272) 1 3 6 10 13 11 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^4(-7) \oplus R^7(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R(-5) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^{16}(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^2(-4) \oplus R^5(-5) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

278) 1 3 6 10 14 8 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^7(-7) \oplus R^4(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^{17}(-6) \oplus R^9(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R(-4) \oplus R^{10}(-5) \oplus R^5(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

281) 1 3 6 10 14 11 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^5(-7) \oplus R^7(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^{12}(-6) \oplus R^{16}(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R(-4) \oplus R^7(-5) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

287) 1 3 6 10 15 8 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^8(-7) \oplus R^4(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^{20}(-6) \oplus R^9(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^{13}(-5) \oplus R^5(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

288) 1 3 6 10 15 9 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^7(-7) \oplus R^5(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^{18}(-6) \oplus R^{11}(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^{12}(-5) \oplus R^6(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

290) 1 3 6 10 15 11 4

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow R^6(-7) \oplus R^7(-8) \oplus R^4(-9) \\ &\rightarrow R^{15}(-6) \oplus R^{16}(-7) \oplus R^8(-8) \\ &\rightarrow R^{10}(-5) \oplus R^9(-6) \oplus R^4(-7) \\ &\rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0. \end{aligned}$$

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